

Rev. Lucien Clark, Washington.
"I have heard the Mormons preach. I do not believe they ever intended to quit polygamy. A way should be found to keep Roberts from taking his seat. I don't believe he will ever enter Congress."

Rev. J. G. Butler, D. D., Washington.
"I think that Roberts's election is an insult to the Christian people of this land. He assuredly should not be seated."

Rev. D. J. Flynn, Wilmington.
"The seating of Roberts, with his three wives, would be an outrage on Christianity."

Rev. J. W. Duffy, Washington.
"I do not think the Mormons have kept good faith with us, and no Mormon should ever enter the halls of Congress."

Rev. T. S. Hamlin, Washington.
"If this man at present cohabits with three wives, he is a polygamist. Polygamy is forbidden by the laws. Its abolition was the price of admission of Utah to Statehood. No man who practices it should be made a national legislator."

Rev. W. Radcliffe, Washington.
"In my opinion Roberts should never be allowed to take his seat. The followers of Brigham Young have broken faith with this Government."

Rev. J. J. Blair, D. D., Washington.
"From a moral standpoint I should say that Roberts should not be admitted to the House of Representatives. From a legal standpoint I should say that Utah has violated her promise."

Rev. J. H. Walker, Cincinnati.
"The aggression of the Mormon power in electing W. H. Roberts to Congress is in essence a challenge to the Christian conscience of the nation, a flagrant defiance of the State covenants and a serious menace to the social and national well-being."

Rev. H. W. Thomas, Chicago.
"I do not see why Congressman Roberts should not take his seat in Congress. He was elected by the people. Probably there are other Congressmen who have other women besides a wife."

Rev. N. D. Willis, Chicago.
"No, indeed, Congressman Roberts should not have a seat in Congress as long as he is a polygamist. The nation is a Christian one and it would be unardonable to permit him to have a seat."

Rev. G. M. Heindel, Albany.
"The national laws make polygamy a crime. Mr. Roberts is charged with that offence. He ought not to be permitted to make laws while he himself breaks them."

Right Rev. Bishop Whitaker, Philadelphia.
"My views on the admission of polygamist Roberts are concise but to the point. To seat him in Congress would be a disgrace to the country and an insult to the women of the United States."

Father Klasmier, New York.
"The Catholic church and all those identified with it are opposed to polygamy in any shape or form. As a member of the Roman Catholic faith I do not care to discuss the subject any further."

Rev. Dr. Lewis R. Foote, Chicago.
"The election of Representative Roberts is an outrage. I also think the admission into the Union of Utah as a State a monumental mistake."

Rev. H. R. Naylor, D. D., Washington.
"Roberts should never be seated. He should never have been elected."

Rev. W. W. Case, San Francisco.
"Roberts has no right in or seat in Congress because as a polygamist he is living in violation of the laws of God and his country."

Rev. E. A. Dent, New York.
"The family is the unit of society. Its sacred rights must not be violated by those sworn to protect them. This Mormon polygamist is ineligible to a seat in our legislative halls. I will add my protest against his being seated."

Rev. J. A. Wilson, San Francisco.
"That which is a penitentiary offence in every other State should disqualify from membership in the highest lawmaking body of the Union."

Rev. E. B. Palmer, Sec'y Mass. Mission Society.
"I have not personally come in contact with this movement, but it certainly is a subject which will deserve a public expression of feeling."

Rev. P. S. Benson, Chicago.
"I think if Congress has a right to judge as to its constituents, and my opinion is that it has, it certainly should cast Congressman Roberts out. It would be a disgrace to the American nation to allow such a man to occupy a seat in Congress."

Rev. A. L. Love, Albany.
"If he has transgressed the law Mr. Roberts ought not to be permitted to participate in law-making. If he is a good citizen, innocent of the charges, he has a perfect right to sit in Congress."

Rev. J. Allison, Pittsburg.
"Figuratively speaking, Mr. Roberts would be an unsightly object in the law-making halls of this great American nation. I am opposed to recognizing him as a representative from Utah."

Rev. Dr. Regester, Buffalo.
"It would be a most unwholesome thing to have in the law-making house of the nation a representative who has so little respect for the laws of civilization and morality."

Rev. J. C. Whitehead, Pittsburg.
"It would be a sorry spectacle to see our law-makers close their eyes to the violation of a Federal statute by a man who flaunts his evil practices in the faces of Christians at the national capital as Roberts would do."

Rev. N. L. Colby, Manchester, N. H.
"I have protested to Congressman Sulloway against the display of this shameful and disgraceful spectacle in the halls of Congress, in open defiance of all laws, both human and divine."

Rev. H. G. Miller, New York.
"I am opposed to the seating in Congress of such a man. He is a criminal in the eyes of the law and is utterly ineligible for such an office."

Rev. H. D. Scott, Brooklyn.
"Roberts would be a disgrace to Congress. I understand the man is an ex-convict."

Rev. Z. C. Marten, Asbury Park.
"I have only one opinion on the question. The man is a criminal and ought to be sent to prison instead of Congress."

Rev. W. A. Enslay, Cincinnati.
"In my opinion the appearance of Representative Roberts in the halls of Congress would be a shameful and disgraceful spectacle. The admission of Utah as a State into the Union was unquestionably a mistake, and time will accentuate it."

Rev. Henry Baker, New York.
"Congress has no room for such a man. A man that stands before his fellow man an avowed polygamist is certainly not eligible to Congress."

Rev. G. A. Guenther, New York.
"Mr. Roberts stands an avowed polygamist and therefore a violator of the laws of the United States. He is no more entitled to a seat in Congress than an ex-convict."

Rev. Josiah Coff, Winchester.
"While we cannot have all saints in our public bodies, we need not necessarily have all sinners. And this sin is repugnant, especially to the people of this country, whatever other lapses they may brook in the personnel of their representatives."

Rev. H. Widemer, Asbury Park.
"The fact that such an election is possible, and that there is even a probability of Roberts being seated in Congress, emphasizes the crying necessity for a national marriage and divorce law."

Rev. Dr. Ballard, Asbury Park.
"I approve of the utterances of Mrs. Darwin R. James, of the Woman's Home Missionary Society of the Presbyterian Church, on the subject of admitting a polygamist to the Congress of the United States."

Rev. B. Staats, Long Branch.
"Upon principle I do not think Congressman-elect Roberts should be seated. It would only prove the entering wedge for the re-establishment of polygamy in Utah."

Rev. H. S. Faulkner, Brooklyn.
"The clergy throughout the country should prevent the seating in Congress of this Mormon, Roberts. My dislike to the man is not due to his religious convictions, but to his polygamous practices."

Rev. D. E. Whittinghill, New Orleans.
"Congressman-elect Roberts, of Utah, should not be seated because, first, he has openly violated our civil laws in reference to matrimony, and a law breaker would be a poor lawmaker; second, religious liberty does not mean license to outrage public moral sentiment, and the national moral standard which excluded Breckinridge should not be lowered to admit Roberts."

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Father Dehon, New York.
"Congress has no room for polygamists. They are not the representatives the people want. This Mormon, I believe, served a term in prison, and is a firm believer in the doctrines of the Mormon Church. That should be sufficient to bar him from ever holding a public office. The Catholic Church and every one identified with it are opposed to the election of such a man."

Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage, Washington.
"If I were in Congress I would not know how to vote. When in Utah I gave the question of Mormonism thorough study. I believe in the sanctity of the marriage tie; but, if I understand right, Roberts married three women before Utah was admitted to Statehood. It would be little short of barbarous for him to reject them now to aid his political ambition."

Rev. J. D. Whitney, President Georgetown University, Washington.
"I think I voice the sentiment of the Catholic Church when I state that, in my opinion, Mr. Roberts, a Mormon, who, as I understand, is living in polygamous relations with three women, should not be allowed to take his seat in the Congress of the United States. The Catholic Church has always stood for the sanctity of the marriage bond."

Rev. Dr. Mallard, New Orleans.
"In all our States men are punished or liable to be hauled before the courts for bigamy. And now a bigamist in the superlative degree, a pluralist in the matter of wiving, comes to take his place among the nation's counselors. Surely a Congressional seat should be as earnestly contested for polygamy as for corrupt returns of elections."

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"I am strongly opposed to allowing that Mormon a seat in Congress. He is not eligible for one thing, and, moreover, his past associations hardly make him an ideal Representative of the people."

Rev. E. R. Donehoe, Pittsburg.
"The sentiment of the ministry and church people here, so far as I have been able to ascertain, is unanimously opposed to the admission of the polygamist, Roberts, into Congress."

Rev. Elvin Ford, Brooklyn.
"Roberts has violated the most sacred law of the country. He stands an avowed polygamist, and seems to glory in the crime."

Rev. J. S. Lindsay, Boston.
"If anything can be done to put Mr. Roberts out of the power of making laws, within the limits of the Constitution, it should be done."

Rev. G. B. Lorimer, Boston.
"It is a disgrace to think that Mr. Roberts may take his seat, because he is violating a law of God and a fundamental law of the land."

Rev. A. J. Miller, Asbury Park.
"The law must be enforced; polygamy is a crime. One wife in this world is enough for any man."

Rev. J. H. Prugh, Pittsburg.
"If Roberts is an open violator of the law against polygamy he unquestionably ought to be called to account. He certainly ought to be ousted."

Rev. W. P. Strickland, Long Branch.
"If Polygamist Roberts is allowed to have a seat in Congress it would bring disgrace upon our nation. I think Roberts should be prevented from taking his seat."

Rev. S. L. Lindsay, St. Louis.
"I am opposed to allowing polygamists sitting in the councils of the nation. They are violators of the laws of the land."

Rev. A. M. Lord, Providence.
"I do not believe this nation should encourage polygamy in any form whatever in Washington or in Utah. If Congress has the power to turn out a polygamist, that power should be exercised in the interest of national morality."

Rev. S. W. Thomas, Philadelphia.
"There should be a unanimous vote in Congress to deny Roberts the rights to his seat. It is high time these invaders of our sacred soil should be checked in their aggressive movement, for we cannot afford to have a set of outlaws set up their standards among us."

Rev. H. L. Cushman, Providence.
"There can be no honest difference of opinion among Christians that no polygamist should have a seat in Congress. Polygamy is against public law, public sentiment and public morals."

Rev. H. M. Kinn, Providence.
"I do not hesitate to declare that, so long as the moral sentiment of the country is what it is, Congress should not admit a polygamist to help frame our laws. The moral influence of just one polygamist in Congress would be exceedingly harmful."

Father Dehon, New York.
"Congress has no room for polygamists. They are not the representatives the people want. This Mormon, I believe, served a term in prison, and is a firm believer in the doctrines of the Mormon Church. That should be sufficient to bar him from ever holding a public office. The Catholic Church and every one identified with it are opposed to the election of such a man."

Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage, Washington.
"If I were in Congress I would not know how to vote. When in Utah I gave the question of Mormonism thorough study. I believe in the sanctity of the marriage tie; but, if I understand right, Roberts married three women before Utah was admitted to Statehood. It would be little short of barbarous for him to reject them now to aid his political ambition."

Rev. J. D. Whitney, President Georgetown University, Washington.
"I think I voice the sentiment of the Catholic Church when I state that, in my opinion, Mr. Roberts, a Mormon, who, as I understand, is living in polygamous relations with three women, should not be allowed to take his seat in the Congress of the United States. The Catholic Church has always stood for the sanctity of the marriage bond."

Rev. Dr. Mallard, New Orleans.
"In all our States men are punished or liable to be hauled before the courts for bigamy. And now a bigamist in the superlative degree, a pluralist in the matter of wiving, comes to take his place among the nation's counselors. Surely a Congressional seat should be as earnestly contested for polygamy as for corrupt returns of elections."

Rev. J. F. Loughlin, (Catholic), Philadelphia.
"The Catholic Church is unalterably opposed to polygamy, and from the moral standpoint Congressman-elect Roberts should be denied his seat in the House. On the other hand the legal aspect of the case becomes involved. If he was legally elected by his constituents the matter seems to me to be a question of law, which I guess Congress will settle."

Rev. G. E. Hite, Albany.
"Mr. Roberts has openly violated the law. That he, a polygamist, should sit in the highest legislative body of the land would be a great wrong. Should Congress permit him to sit it would be condoning his sin. The women of this country, I believe, will make a strong demonstration against Mr. Roberts should he attempt to enter Congress."

Rt. Rev. L. Coleman, Delaware.
"If I were a member of Congress, professing Christianity and having serious regard for the good name and honor of the republic, I should feel called upon to vote against Mr. Roberts."

Rev. C. S. Harrower, New York.
"Roberts, the Mormon, has absolutely no right to a seat in Congress. The man is most objectionable in every sense of the word to the average law-abiding citizen."

Rev. A. L. Robertson, Brooklyn.
"I object to Roberts because he is morally a criminal, and as such he stands in the eyes of the law."

Rev. H. Baker, Wilmington.
"It seems to me that the admission of Mr. Roberts to a seat in the House of Representatives would be hurtful, and should be avoided."

Rev. W. H. Fenn, Portland, Me.
"On moral grounds I am quite clear that Roberts should not be allowed to represent any constituency."

Rev. B. H. Stauffer, Buffalo.
"Mr. Roberts's election may serve a useful purpose if it brings to the attention of the country the necessity of wiping out the stain of polygamy."

Rev. A. G. Bale, Asbury Park.
"I have no hesitancy to speak out against the iniquity of polygamy and the crime against the laws of the land which Mormon Roberts would attempt to commit."

Rev. H. E. Mott, Buffalo.
"I think Congress may properly refuse to seat a member elected by people, a majority of whom are criminals before the law."

Rev. T. B. Neely, Philadelphia.
"I understood the question correctly the State of Utah was admitted to the Union only after the passage of an act providing for the exclusion or the abolishing of polygamy, and to admit a man of that faith to Congress would be a grave mistake."

Bishop Satterlee, Washington.
"If there is any legal way to keep Roberts from taking his seat I would say most strongly that he should be prevented. Polygamy is a curse, as is anything that tends to break up the family. It is pernicious, and contrary to the ruling ideas of Christianity and of civilized life."

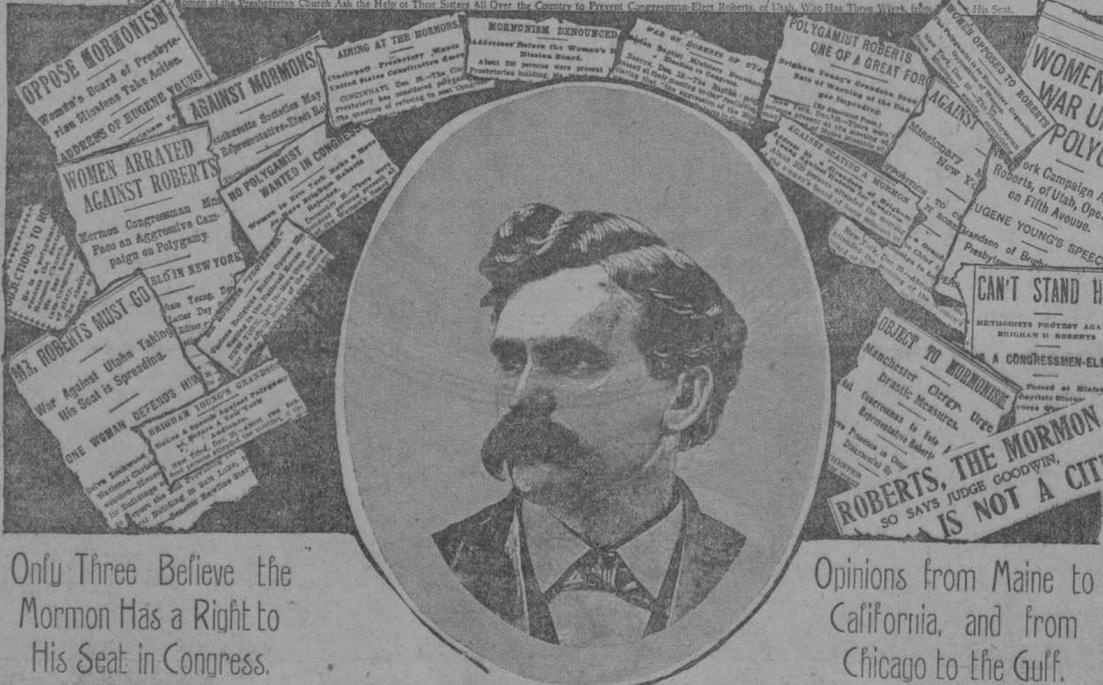
Rev. J. F. Shaw, Long Branch.
"It is my opinion that Congressman-elect Roberts will never be allowed to take his seat. This country is too much allied to the cause of Christianity to permit such an unholy action."

Rev. W. McVicker, Providence.
"There is no mere sentiment involved in such a question. I do not think that any man, living openly and avowedly as a polygamist, in defiance of public sentiment and of the law of the land should be admitted into our highest law-making body."

100 Clergymen Interviewed Protest About Brigham H. Roberts.

NEW YORK JOURNAL, SUNDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1896.

100,000 AMERICAN WOMEN TO FIGHT THE MORMON CONGRESSMAN



Only Three Believe the Mormon Has a Right to His Seat in Congress.

Opinions from Maine to California, and from Chicago to the Gulf.

CONGRESSMAN-ELECT BRIGHAM H. ROBERTS.

SHALL a man with three wives sit in the councils of the nation as a member of Congress? Is it an immoral and an undignified public spectacle and an unwholesome example to the American people? Brigham H. Roberts, a Mormon with three living wives, has been elected to Congress as a Representative of the State of Utah. Is there any way to prevent this man from taking his seat in the next House of Representatives? This is the question which the church women of nearly all the Christian churches of the United States are trying to solve.

The Sunday Journal last Sunday published statements and appeals from the foremost women of the Presbyterian churches throughout the country asking the aid of all pastors and church women of all denominations. Early in the week responses began to be heard. The first definite move against Congressman-elect Roberts came from a body of clergymen from New Hampshire. At Manchester last Monday the Manchester Union of Methodist Ministers took up the question and unanimously passed resolutions calling upon Representative Sulloway, of New Hampshire, to the effect to prevent the seating of the Mormon member. These resolutions are printed in full above.

The action of the New Hampshire clergymen was immediately followed by a similar move by a body of Massachusetts ministers in Winchester. On Tuesday the Presbyterian Board of Home Missions held a meeting in New York City and made formal protest against Mr. Roberts.

The meeting was presided over by Mrs. Darwin R. James, president of the Woman's